LOCAL NEWS. NATIONAL THEATRE.-Mr. and Mrs. Harry Watkins in "Trodden Down, or Under Two

METZEROTT HALL.-Concerts by the Franco Family to-night and to-morrow afternoon and POTONAC HALL, (ISLAND.)—Supper to-night and to-morrow night by the ladies of Rybekah Degree Association, No. 3, I. O. O. F.

RYLAND CHAPEL.-Vocal and instrumental

concert to-morrow night by Ryland Chap-choir, assisted by the Beethoven Musical Asso-ODD FELLOWS' HALL.—Fifth annual ball of Pet O'Neill-Crowley Circle, F. B., to-night. DAILY EXCURSION to Mount Vernon, on the steamer Arrow, at 10 a. m.

CARROLL HALL .- Fair for the benefit of St. Vincent's Orphan Asylum. MARKEITER'S ART GALLERY, 486 7th str SMITH & STRONG'S ART GALLERY, SET F

The New Masonic Hall. The subject of building and owning a hall ex clusively for their own use by the Masonic Taternity of this city long occupied the attent in ef the craft here. A number of efforts to accomplish this object were made during the last thirty years, but proved failures after languishing for a time, and invariably involved more or less loss to the several Masonic bodies and to indi-viduals too sanguine as to the success of these efforts. We could give an interesting chapter on the history of these disastrous failures did our space permit. Our present purpose, howcourse of completion at the corner of Ninth and F streets, which is really an object of pride to all our citizens, as it is to every Mason. In 1831 Congress was applied to and gave a charter to about twenty corporators, one from each Ma-sonic body, whose first duty it was to fix upon the amount of capital stock. Repeated meet-ings were held, but it was soon found that among so large a number little could be accomplished because of diversity of opinion on most of the questions arising as to conduct, management, &c. At last it was decided to elect from their number five directors, including the secretary and treasurer, who were to be the executive officers of the association. These were chosen, and we believe they have not been changed since, except in the case of the death of Geo. C. Whiting, Esq., when another was elected to fill his place. They are as follows:—Benj. B. French, John Purdy, Nicholas Acker, Peter Hoce and N. D. Larner. The terms of the charter were that nothing could be done until the stock fixed upon had all been subscribed. This was a difficult problem to solve, as the amount of capital stock necessary for the accomplishment of the work in hand was pretty large, (\$150,000,) and the order was in poor circumstances. Finally, at the suggestion of N. D. Larner, Esq., the nom-inal amount of \$25,000 was fixed upon, which was at once subscribed, and after the directors was at once subscribed, and after the directors had been elected and the organization complete, the first act was to increase the amount to \$150,060. The Hudson Taylor property, where now stands the Christian Association building, was offered to the directors at \$40,000, which was rejected after considerable time had been spent in negotiating, and the corner lot at 9th and F streets was selected at \$20,000

The size of the building now erected is 51 by 131 feet, with an L of 94 feet on the west side, and four stories high above ground. Four stories

and four stories high above ground. Four stores are on the first story, with basement rooms corresponding in every case to the size of the stores stores on 9th street are 24 by 74 feet, with large French plate glass fronts. The first store on F street is 22 by 48 feet, and the second one 20 by 94 feet, the full length of the L. The entrance to the main hall and rooms above is from F street. At the head of the ample stairway on the second floor is a suite of rooms fitted up for janitor to live in, where he will always ready for duty. On the second floor is the main public hall, 48 by 95 feet, with ceiling 23 feet high, and a handsome gallery for orchestra on the west end. Contiguous to this hall is a ladies' retiring room, with cloak room, washstands and closets, all conveniently arranged. The gentle-men's cloak and hat room adjoins these rooms, fitted up with 250 boxes for cloaks and hats; also with Washstands, closets, &c. The supper room on the same floor, in the 1, is 28 by 50 feet, ceiling 23 feet, with heavy mouldings, and three fine center pieces in plaster, from which hang chandeliers. A dumb waiter in the north end communicates with the kitchen in the basement. which has been fitted up with every convenience. In the ceiling of the main hall are seven large panels with girders separating them, the panels are of a light blue. The walls of this hall are of a lilac color, mixed with the plaster before it is put on. The hall is lighted with side brackets. A back stairway to the second floor communicates with the alley in the rear, the landing being the same as from the front entrance. The width of the F street entrance is nine feet with ticket office at the outer door. The stairway leading to stories above is conveniently arranged, easy of ascent and lighted with windows on the west side of the hall. A half story is thrown over the dressing rooms, from which is the entrance to the orchestra in the main hall. Lumber rooms, and two bedrooms, belonging to the janitor's quarters, are near the entrance to the third story and immediately over his rooms below. In the L of this story is a Lodge room, 28 by 57 feet, with ceilings 16 feet in height. Contiguous to this Lodge room are all the necessary ante-rooms. The passages on this floor are 8 feet in width. The principal Lodge room is on this floor and over the main hall; its size is 32 by 61 feet and lighted from the ceiling by circular reflectors, to which are attached tubes running to the walls and up to the top of the building, carrying off all impure air engendered by over crowded rooms. Ventilators are also fixed in the walls around the rooms throughout the entire building. Lumber rooms, and two bedrooms, belonging

rooms throughout the entire building.
The Grand Secretary's office is directly at the The Grand Secretary's office is directly at the head of the stairway, on the third floor. Its size is 22 feet square. This room communicates with the library room, which is on the north side of the Lodge room, 15 by 70 feet. From this story to the stories above is a circular flight of steps, also lighted by windows on the west side. The Chapter room is at the head of this stairway. Its size is 28 feet by 50 feet, with 16 feet height of walls. This is a fine room, and lighted by one large reflector in the centre, with ighted by one large reflector in the centre, with lighted by one large reflector in the centre, with tubes attached to convey the foul air to the top, as before described. A large closet, for clothing, and all the necessary ante-rooms, are attached to this hall. The Commandery room or Asylum is in the main part of this story and over the principal Lodge room. The size of this hall is 32 by 61 feet. In the ceiling are arranged three large circular reflectors for lighting the hall, with ventilation tubes attached, as before described. An armory feet square communicates with this 20 feet square communicates with this fine hall, and a banqueting Irall of the same size, and corresponding to the library room below, runs parallel to the asylum. Washstands, water-closets, store-rooms, &c., are conveniently arranged on this floor, suited to the requirements of the craft. A fire-plug is placed on the second and third stories of this building, with hose that can be attached in a moment, and the building thousands with water in case a fire should occur. flooded with water in case a fire should occur The whole building is heated by Wood's im proved steam apparatus, the same as is used in the Masonic Hair in Baltimore, and in some of

our Departments of the Government. The appearance of the building is much admired. The material used in the construction of the first story is granite, and the stories above are of Connecticut brown stone and Nova Scotia sand stone, with window caps ornamented with zine castings with Masonic emblems. In the centre of the F street front are the words "Masonic Temple" in large raised letters, cut in the stone in the wall.

in the stone in the wall.

The design of this building is by A. Cluss, chitect; the interpolar arrangements of rooms, which is the interpolar arrangements of rooms, and characteristics.

The design of this building is by A. Cluss, consistency in a large degree arrangements of rooms, and consistency in a large degree, the success of the understand in a large degree, the success of the understand in a large degree, the success of the understand in a large degree, the success of the understand in a large degree, the success of the understand in a large degree, the success of the understand in a large degree, the success of the understand in a large degree.

that to his energy, and devotion to this object, in a large degree, the success of the undertaking:

The builders employed on the work are as follows:—Nicholas Acker, stone work; Jones & Collins, bricklayers; the carpenters work has been shown by the clergy, for the conjugate of the conjugate o Collins, bricklayers; the carpenters work has been done principally by day's work under the superintendence of Mr. Charles F. Wood, one of our oldest and most reliable builders—Messrs. Morsell & Dearing, and Messrs. Downing & Bro. have aided Mr. Wood in his part of the work; tinuing work by W. D. Wyvill; plumbing and gas fitting by Messrs. Shepherd & Bros.; plastering by Messrs. Fenwick & Stewart; the painting has been done by day's work under Mr. Wood, except the cornice, which has been done by Mr. T. A. Brown; the iron work by Gray & Noyes, and zinc castings by Messrs. Somerville & Leitch.

The hall vill paready to occupy by the 1st of

dent of the United States, an A for Divine assistance upon the clergy, for the Presence upon that all Charles and the way of truth. My allowing the led the meeting to order, and the wist then called the sen Secretary.

At the opening of the meeting, Mr. Lewis read a lengthy paper, point with the statement that it remained a lengthy paper, point the statement that it remained the parish the statement that it remained the parish the statement that it remained for the parish the statement that it remained the parish the statement that it remained for the parish the parish the statement that it remained for the parish the pari The hall wall be ready to occupy by the 1st of December, when Professor Sheldon will give a ball in it. The lodge rooms will soon be ready for use when a dedication will take place which will no doubt be a grand and imposing affair.

A MEETING OF THE WASHINGTON SCHUZTZEN Veries was held at Will's Hall last night, John Vogt in the chair, R. Springsguth, Secretary. The committee appointed to revise the books made a report, stating that the original cost of the park was \$36,000; improvements since its purchase, \$26,939.28; total cost, \$62,939.28, on which there is yet to be paid, \$32,861 which there is yet to be paid, \$32,861. Additional value of park, \$30,135.23; cash and stocks. \$18,006; net profit during the year, \$11,529. A vote of thanks was passed to the Treasurer and Financial Secretary. The park property was next discussed, most of the members being in favor of reducing the rent to \$1,500. The association then adjourned.

LOVERS OF MUSIC should not forget the con-

ANOTHER CHURCH DIFFICULTY THE TROUBLE AT ST. JOHN'S CHURCH.

Centest Beiween the Rector and Ves-irymen-Meeting of the Parish-Ritualism in Washington-Prayers for the Dead-A Difficulty about the Chancel and about the Frescoing-The Respective Rights of Rectors and The old and time honored Protestant Episcon Church known as St. John's, located at the

orner of H and 16th streets, opposite Lafayette

square, which has for years been attended by

some of our most influential and wealthy citi-

zens and Government officials, has for some

the following circular:
To the Parishioners of St. John's Parish, Wash-

ington. D. C.

A Parish meeting having been called for Tuesday, November 16, 1869, at 4 P. M., the undersigned, on behalf of a number of the gentlemen

of the Parish, desire to urge upon your atten-tion the necessity of the attendance of all Pa-

To add to these troubles it is charged by the

friends of the vestry that the Rector is strongly inclined to ritualism, as a year ago last All Souls Day he announced that the congregation could pray for the dead and on Good Friday last

he advocated that the altar be covered with

sistently, during the past summer, set at naught every request, disregarded every remonstrance, and defied every protest, which my sense of duty required me to make, until I feel that I am

I conceded the doubt in this case to the vestry

had learned to enjoy their service. In their name I protest against the action of the vestry." The rector claims that he had nominated an

organist competent to go on with the work of the Parish, who would attend the daily service, train

the Sunday School and a volunteer choir, and provide such hired singers as might be necessary,

for \$1,000 per annum. The vestry engaged a choir at \$1,600 per annum. Mr. L. further says that the vestry held a meeting and set on foot active measures for the repair of the church during his absence, but upon his return he addressed a letter to them stating that the meeting was informal and he had therefore requested the

Register to call a meeting for Saturday, July 31st. He opposed the enlargement of the church for the reasons stated, and made other suggestions relative to the proposed improvements. At the meeting on the 31st of July the resolutions resed provided by the resolutions assed provided the resolutions assed to be a second provided the resolutions assed to be a second provided the resolutions assed to be a second provided the resolutions as a second provided the resolutions are resolutions as a second provided the resolutions are resolutions as a second provided the resolutions are resolutions as a second provided the resolution and the resolution are resolutions as a second provided the resolution and the resolution are resolution as a second provided the resolution are resolution.

tions passed previously were reaffirmed and rat-ified, except the one relating to the enlargement of the church, which was laid over, but subse-

of the church, which was laid over, but subsequently agreed upon by the vestry. On the 23d of August he sent a written statement to the vertry protesting against the enlargement of the chancel as the vestry had no moral or legal right to enlarge it without his sanction. The remonstance was disregarded, he says, by the vestry and the improvement made.

and the improvement made.

ects and engineers.

The vestrymen quote the act of 1798, organizing the diocese, to show that they had the right to make the improvements, which act is as

"And be it enacted, That the vestry of each

Mr. J. C. Wetmore presumed it was the wish of the Church to settle the difficulties between the rector and the vestry, and to have a full knowledge of all. He alluded to the previous meetings held by the vestry to consider the alterations and repairs on the church, that they had resolved not to change the design of the church; it was thought proper to make some changes in the arrangement of the chancel. They had passed resolutions at their former meeting.

Mr. Richmond requested the speaker to read

Mr. Wetmere did not mean to be interrupted, and requested Mr. Richmond to take his seat.

Mr. Wetmore, resuming, stated that at the

the rector may direct.

N.; Geo. C. Schaeffer.

Washington, D. C., Nov. 13, 1869."

the course of the rector wrong, and protested against it. There was no party spirit in the vestry, nor any desire te oppose the reasonable wishes of the rector by any member of it that he knew of. He knew of no high church or no low church party. The rector had said that he had not room enough in the chancel, and After his return last summer, he (the rector) was understood to approve what had been done in regard to improving the chancel. Afterwards, it was found that he did not approve of our plans for further alterations, and we at once rescinded our acts. He alluded to the difference of opinion between the rector and vestry in re-ference to the alterations of the chancel, and described the conversation that had taken place, and seemingly in a spirit of ridicule, re-hearsed portions of conversations held with the rector on the subject of repairs, creating con-siderable merriment in the audience. He alluded zens and Government officials, has for some months past been undergoing extensive repairs, and in connection with these some serious misunderstandings have arisen between the Rector, Rev. J. Vaughn Lewis on the one side, and the Vestry of the Church, composed of Messrs. Albert Ray, Wm. S. Huntington, General Michler, Archibald Campbell, and J. C. Wetmore on the other. Of course among the parishioners each side has friends and advocates. A few months ago it was decided by a parish meeting that the interior of the church should be improved and beautified, and the Vestry accordingly were charged with the duty of superintending the work, but in the prosecution thereof the ideas of the Rector and Vestry did not agree, hence the beginning of hard feeling, which has increased daily until yesterday, when a parish meeting was held at 4 o'clock p. m. at the church, in accordance with the following circular: to the subject of the dome, saying Mr. L. wanted to the subject of the dome, saying Mr. L. wanted to have it taken down. As to the expenditures, he, as recorder, was instructed by the vestry. He went to New York and Philadelphia to compare the prices of different articles required in refurnishing the church, and was instructed to do the best that he could. It had been proposed by Col. Leslie to place the protest on the books, but he had opposed this, as he did not desire they should appear on the church records. The friends of the rector had been trying to find some cause of fault with the vestry, and had cut open the cushions of the pews to see if they were not made of something else than hair.

Here Mr. Lewis interrupted the speaker, say-Here Mr. Lewis interrupted the speaker, saying that he desired to give the greatest latitude to debate, but could not allow such statements

pairs. Again, in the matter of music, he thought

Mr. Wetmore continued, saying that gentlemen who had traveled extensively in Europe expressed the opinion that St. John's was the handsomest church they had ever seen. He read from an act of the Maryland Legislature vesting the rights of church property in the vestry alone. They had not attempted to make any alterations in the chancel to interfere with the conduct of the church services.

tion the necessity of the attendance of all Parishioners, as matters of very great importance to the Parish will be submitted. It is desired that every pew shall be represented. It is understood that financial questions will not be brought forward at this meeting. Very respectfully, [Signed:] W. B. Shubrick, U. S. N.; Jos. Smith, U. S. N.; W. H. Philip; A. A. Harwood, U. S. N.; Jas. Alden, U. S. N.; Geo. Clymer, U. S. N.; Geo. C. Schaeffer. General E. D. Townsend attempted to get the The Chair stated that the only business before

the house was the consideration of the reso-General Townsend again attempted to get the General Townsend again attempted to get the floor, but the call was made for the question.

Gen. Townsend did not see why discussion should be gagged. He had been attacked and wanted to reply. He thought the resolutions placed absolute power in the rector, and he was opposed to them. On a certain occasion he had heard a remark from the rector that he had never failed to have his own way and if he could never failed to have his own way, and if he could not get one way he would get it another. The speaker had been one of the managers of St. John's Home, and found the rector rather ex-travagant in his notions about expenditures, and he advocated that the altar be covered with black. The troubles continued until one of the vestrymen resigned, and Mr. William S. Huntington was elected to fill the vacancy. It was thought then that the difficulties would be allayed, as Mr. Huntington was looked upon as a strong friend and in sympathy with the Rector. Upon entering upon his duties as a vestryman, however, it seems that Mr. Huntington became convinced that the vestry was acting infgood faith, and for the good of the parish.

Mr. Lewis is a native of Vermont and has had charge of the parish about four years beging and having an entire ignorance of the value of money. He had proposed the purchase of a lot of ground valued at \$20,000, and a house worth \$10,000, and at the same time there was not money enough in the treasury to pay the debts ow-ing by the church. He alluded to the circum-John's Home by the rector with his family.
Two rooms had been fitted up for his accommodation at a rost of \$40. He alluded to the rec-Mr. Lewis is a native of Vermont and has had charge of the parish about four years, having succeeded Rev. Dr. Smith Pyne. He is regarded as a minister of superior attainments, and he always drawn large congregations to listen to his sermons. A short time since a pastoral letter was issued by Mr. Lewis, advising the parishoners of certain facts touching his official relation to the parish, in which he says:

"The vestry of St. John's Parish has, persistently, during the past summer, set at panely dation at a tost of \$40. He alluded to the rector's having employed assistants at divers times and paid them out of the funds of the church, without having consulted the vestry. He had persisted in bringing up plans for alterations of the church four times after the vestry had disapproved them. He did not say these things in unkindness towards the rector. He did not believe it was the rector's right to insist upon the vestry doing everything as he wanted it. He (the speaker) had been charged with bringing proxies to vote at the last vestry election. This charge was as gratuitous as it was unfounded in fact. It had also been charged that the vestry had voted themselves in to compel the Rector to required me to make, until I feel that I am stripped of every vestage of my lawful jurisdiction, and am not responsible for any of the acts of said vestry. That I have patiently endured there things until endurance has reached the verge of unfaithfulness, ye yourselves are witness; for I doubt if there be ten of you who have so much as heard of a rumor of serious disagreement between the vestry and myself. * * *

The rubrics place the music of the church under the sole direction of the Rector. It is an open question whether the civil law does not empower the vestry to determine who shall perhad voted themselves in to compel the Rector to resign and cause him to accept a call he had received from another city. This was not true, for the reason that the call was not received until three days after the election of vestrymen. He then referred to the rector's ritualistic pro-clivities, saying that on All Saints' Day a year ago and on Good Friday they had been treated to sermons which smacked strongly of a cathe-dral service. They had been told that they could pray for the dead, and that on Good Friday the open question whether the civil law does not empower the vestry to determine who shall perform the musical parts of the service. But granting that it does, the vestry must evidently exercise that right in such a way as not to interfere with the rector's privilege,—e. g. they must be chose competent to sing such music as as well as the limited means at their disposal would allow. [Sensation.] for the sake of peace; and only requested that they would not engage a quartette choir, which should restore the kind of music which I deem a

Commodore Harwood bad not the least fear of being taken to Rome. If the rector was wrong he should be presented to the Bishop, and not tried by the vestry. He objected to this and not tried by the vestry. He objected to this manner of conducting affairs. The Ritualistic movements which were suspected amounted to nothing. The congregation had better wait until some overt act is committed.

Col. W. H. Philip hoped harmony would prevail. He was in favor of the rector, and thought the whole trouble a misunderstanding—the vestral land of the rector of the rector. try looking at the affair from a secular view. while the rector took an ecclesiastical view of it. He thought the decision of the parishioners, if against the rector, would be of far more in-

should restore the kind of music which I deem a desecration of God's house. I specified exactly the sort of music that I desired, and my reasons for desiring it. The vestry engaged a quartette that could not, or would not, learn to sing the Psalter at the Sunday school service on Sunday afterneon, and my Sunday school arrangements are so broken up that I shall not resume the sessions of the school until I can repair the damage by the appointment of a competent choir. I have little faith in Sunday schools, except as a means of bringing the children to church. By four years' hard work I had trained my children to praise God. They had learned to come to Sunday school for the church service. They had learned to enjoy their service. In their jury to the church than to the rector.

Mr. Huntington thought that while this affair was made to appear as a tragedy to the congre-gation, it would appear to the people outside of the church as a great farce, and such it was. He was conscious that no member of the vestry had was conscious that no member of the vestry had attempted to interfere in any way with the rights of the rector, but, on the contrary, that he had been uniformly treated with the greatest kindness and consideration. When he entered the vestry last April he was prejudiced against-Messrs. Campbell and Wetmore; but he very soon ascertained he had been misinformed, and would here confess, to the gentlemen and before this meeting, that he was mistaken and that we this meeting, that he was mistaken, and that no members of the vestry had treated the rector with more courtesy and consideration than the gentlemen named. He thought the whole controversy was unnecessary, as it was deplorable

and disgraceful.

Mr. Wetmore read the canon of the church and argued that the matter must be submitted to the Bishop. The pastoral letter had influenced persons against him, (Mr. W.,) and he had frequently met. frequently met fellow communicants, who passed him on the street without speaking, putting up contemptuous noses, &c. [Laughter.]

Hon, T. L. Smith thought it an outrage to impugn the motives of the rector in this manner, and strongly condemned the remarks of Mr.

stance was disregarded, he says, by the vestry and the improvement made.

To this letter the vestry made a reply stating that they desired no controversy with the Rector, but thought the questions raised by him were injudicious and unfortunate for the spiritual and temporal welfare of the parish. They denied having "set at naught every request, disregarded every remonstrance, and defied every protest" made by the rector; but, on the contrary, state that they have endeavored to conform to his wishes. They charge him with having desired to make alterations in the church which involved expenditures that they did not feel justified in making. They say that the rector nominated a committee on music, consisting of Messrs. Campbell, Huntington, and Wetmore, and they employed Dr. Caulfield to organize a suitable choir, believing it to be for the interests of the church. They claim that the members of the church. They claim that the members of the church urged the improvement of the church, as the rector did not call a meeting of the committee having this matter in charge. The rector was absent from the city, but upon his return he was notified of the action of the vestry, and appeared satisfied. They charge that the rector urged alterations in the chancel which would have cost \$7,500, and \$2,500 additional for painting. They further claim that the alteration in the chancel was adopted as the most feasible plan after conference with several prominent architects and engineers.

The vestrymen quote the act of 1798, organ-Dr. Reyburn thought the action of the vestrymen right and proper, although his sympathies were with the rector. Hon. Montgomery Blair alluded to the difficul-ties, characterizing them as a row, because the vestry had attended to their proper duty. It had been attempted to whip in this vestry. The manner and style of the rector was not the man-ner and style of the old rectors of St. John's parish. The vestry have done nothing wrong

parish. The vestry have done nothing wrong requiring resolutions of censure to them.

A Voice.—"Who says they censure anybody?" Mr. B.—Then they amount to nothing; the resolutions are indefinite, and he moved that they be laid on the table.

This motion was lost, by a vote of 30 to 23.

Mr. Blair then offered the following resolution as an amendment to Dr. Clymer's:

"Resolved. That we approve the course of the "Resolved, That we approve the course of the vestry in administering the temporalities of the After some debate, the roll of pew-holders was called, and the amendment of Mr. Blair was adopted by a vote 36 ayes to 35 nays.

Mr. Huntington moved that the resolutions as amended be adopted as the sense of the meeting; which motion prevailed, and the meeting adjourned. THE CHORAL SOCIETY held its remeeting last evening, when the gular well kly tlemen were unanimous are following genbers:—Hon. A. G. and elected inactive mem-H. D. Noble. And elected in "And be it enacted, That the vestry of each parish, for the time being as trustees of the parish, shall have an estate in fee simple in a" churches and chapels and in all glebes and lands, and shall have a good title ar estate in Church of England, or which shall hereafter estant Episcopal Church, in Maryland, and it direct all such expression in the property as they may think reast estant estate in the property as they may think reast estate and they shall also have the property in all books, plate and ornaments belonging to said churches and chapels, or any of them."

man songs sung by the society. ROBBERY BY BOYS.—This morning, Landswood Emery, a small boy, on leaving Tomlinson's stationery store, 7th street, above L, was attacked by a number of boys, who knocked some money from his hands and made off. A crowd pursued the boys, and Mr. Thomas Shortell captured John Norris, white, and Jim Simms, colored, and turned them over to Officer Fitzpatrick, who took them before Justice Mills, and some of the money was found on them. The and some of the money was found on them. The justice, after hearing the evidence, committed

AN EVEN TEMPERED HUSBAND .- Yesterday afternoon one of the employes of the Washing-ton Asylum discovered a man on his premises, "where nae man should be," but being a hus-band of even temper sent to the Intendent and informed him, and that officer sent for a police-man, when Officers Shimonicle and O'Neil ap-peared, and they took the gay lothario in custo-dy, and he gave the name of Harry Robinson. This morning, no one amearing against him This morning, no one appearing against him, he was dismissed.

Policeman Robbed.—Night before last the residence of policeman J. W. Beall, on7th street, near Boundary, was entered and \$40 carried off. Some articles had been tied up in a bundle, but were left, the thieves having been frightened.

STEALING MEAT .- Last evening Officer Williams arrested Thomas Smith, colored, on the charge of stealing meat from J. H. Middleton, and also with threats, and Justice Pearson committed him to jail for court in each case.

REV. DR. BATES lectures to-morrow night at the 5th street Methodist Protestant Church, 9th street, between E and F, on "The Secret of Success." See advertisement. THE CITY TAXES.—Yesterday the Collector received, on account of taxes, \$25,906.75, making a total thus far of \$216,116.37.

the vestry, he had entered a protest against the action of the rector, in interfering with the luttles of the vestry while engaged in these re-

and a thief introduced his hand into the open-ing and stole them. The police of Alexandria and Washington are on the lookout for the The Courts. THE G STREET MURDER CASE—THE ACCUSED CON-

VICTED. CRIMINAL COURT, Judge Fisher.—Yesterday, the case of James Kelly, indicted for the murder of John Mardes, by cutting him with a knife, on the 14th of July last, was continued. Capt. Miller being cross-examined at some length by Mr. Barrett as to the condition of the men on the Dr. W. W. Potter (Coroner), was sworn and gave the evidence as taken by him at the inquest.

Daniel Mahoney testified to Kelly buying the

Wm. Mahoney testified to same; and on cross-examination, testified that on the night of the nomicide Kelly called him up and stated that his hand was bleeding.

Joshua Anderson testified that Kelly showed him the knife after he had arrested him; stated he had bought it to kill that son of a b—h with. he had bought it to kill that son of a b—h with.

James Stewart testified that he saw Kelly after the murder, and he asked for a doctor, as he had his hand cut; told him he had cut the belly ont of a man on the boat.

This morning, the defence called several witnesses, who testified to the good character of the accused. Mr. Lovejoy argued the case for the prosecution, and was followed by Messrs. Goszler and Barrett for the defence, Mr. Carrington closing for the prosecution.

ton closing for the prosecution.

The jury retired with the case about 14 o'clock, and after a half hour's absence returned with a verdict of guilty as indicted. The accused, who is a gray haired man, when the verdict was a provided with a provided with a verdict was a provided with a provided with a provided with a provided was a provided with a provided with a provided with a provided was a provided with a pr dict was announced seemed to bear up under the trial with only a slight tremor of his frame being perceptible, and as the jurors were polled he stood up quite firmly. The prisoner was re-manded in the custody of the Marshal.

THE LATE AMOS KENDALL .- A special meeting of the Board of Directors, officers and pu-pils of Columbia Institute for the Deaf and Dumb was held yesterday, to take action in re-lation to the death of the late Amos Kendall. There were present Rev. E. M. Gallaudet, (Pre-sident.) Rev. Dr. Sunderland, George W. Riggs, Esq., Hon. B. B. French, Henry D. Cooke, Esq., James C. McGuire, Esq., and David A. Hall, Esq. Resolutions of an appropriate character were introduced and adopted, and a short ad-dress was made by Hon. B. B. French. The Rev. Dr. Samson, President of Columbia College, delivered an eloquent discourse in the Calvary Baptist Church yesterday evening on the "Religious Convictions, Life and Charac-ter" of the late Hon. Amos Kendall. There was a large congregation present. His munifi-cence in erecting the church they were in, and to the different public and religious institutions of the city, as well as his liberal aid to all he

remembered and imitated. A PLEASANT ENTERTAINMENT .- A grand reception was given by Rev. J. Stella Martin to several young members of his congregation, who have lately been united in the holy bonds matrimony. The principal feature of the evening was the harmonizing of some points of difference that have threatened to divide the colored people of the District, and result to their details of the points of their details. their detriment both socially and politically. An elegant dinner prepared by Mr. George T. Downing was served to the guests, among whom were Register Cook, Prof. Vashon, Prof. Wilson, and the bridal parties above referred to After doing justice to the substantials, the party adjourned to the parlors, where in the meantime quite a large number of citizens had assembled. The party seperated at a late hour, all seeming much pleased with the evening's

knew to be in need, were dwelt on as deeds to be

TEACHERS' INSTITUTE.—On Friday a session of the Teachers' Institute will be held at the Miller School Building, H street, commencing at 8 o'clock, to which the teachers and pupils and others interested in the cause of education are invited. The exercises will open at 9 o'clock with music, under the direction of Professors
Daniel and McFarland, to be followed by a discussion on vocal music. At 10 o'clock there
will be a reading exercise and a discussion of the methods in teaching reading, spelling and the principles of the English language, which, with an intermission of twenty minutes, will be pray for the dead, and that on Good Friday the altar could be draped in black, a procession be formed, a choir service sang, and everything cussed, after which geography and the subject

> FUNERAL.-The funeral of the late James H place from the residence of his brother, W. D. Elwood, on G street, near 12th, this afternoon, and was attended by Pioneer Council, No. 1, Sons of Jonadab, and Equal Tribe, No. 1, of Jonadabs, headed by Prosperi's Band. The remains were interred at Oak Hill Cemetery, Georgetown.

SEVERAL REPRESENTATIVES OF THE WASH NGTON PRESS CLUB will leave here this evening at 5% o'clock for Richmond, via the R. F. and P. R. R. Mr. A. Nailor, Jr., has tendered to the club his four-horse coach to convey them to the boat, at 7th-street wharf, and it will leave the Republican office at 5% this p. m. The party will return on Friday morning.

REAL ESTATE SALES.—Kilbourn & Latta real crtate brokers, have sold lot 5. square 95s, on 10th street east, between H and I streets. Lot 7, in same square, on I street, between 10th and 11th street; also, lot 9, square 960, on 10th street east, between F and G streets, to J. H. Teemyer at 7% cents per square foot amounting in aggre gate to \$1,511.62.

RIVER NEWS—Clark's Wharf, Eastern Branch.
Arrived—Schr. John Howlett from Havre-deGrace with 105 tons of coal; schr. Potomac from
Havre-de-Grace with 241 tons of coal; schr. M.
Steelman from Philadelphia with 440 tons of
coal; schr. Annie F. Clark, Edmonson, from
Havre-de-Grace, with 118 tons of coal, all for
T. Edward Clark & Co.

APPEALED TO THE SUPREME COURT .- A Bouldin and others, in the case of Bouldin et al. agt. Alexander et al., against whom the case was decided, have appealed to the Supreme Court of the United States.

GENERAL MUZZY, of the Washington bar, was admitted to the bar of the United States Supreme Court yesterday.

[For other Locals, see first page.] GEORGETOWN.

Burglary.—About 11 o'clock Monday night, Budd Harrod, colored, forced an entrance into the grocery store of John Moody, on Bridge street, it is alleged, and carried off the money drawer, containing \$10 or \$15. He was arrested last night by Officer Hess, but was discharged, as the aggrieved party did not appear to prose-cute him.

MERCHANTS' EXCHANGE.—There were offerings of 3,500 bushels of red wheat this morning, but no sales were reported. THE PORT.—Arrived—Schrs. M. J. Furdy,
Hooper, from Salisbury, Md., with J. O000 feet of
dressed lumber for A. H. Pt. Ckrell; Ovoca,
Mitchell, from Norfolk with ckrell; Ovoca,
to F. Wheatley & Sor umber and shingles
Ford, will sail to-me s. The steamer Stout,
a full freight of crow for Philadelphia with

JURY OF Pig iron.

again F ONDEWNATION.—This jury will meet proper aday for the purpose of condemning the perty on the line of extension of Water street arrough to P street bridge across Rock Creek. SENOR PODESTAD, First Secretary of the Spanish Legation, has taken a lease of Mrs. Abbott's

house, on West street. THANKSGIVING DINNER TO THE LITTLE ONES.—A dinner will be given by the citizens to the children of the Industrial School, on Friday, in the building on Washington street. To-Morrow will be observed as a general holiday, but the only public celebration will be by the students of Georgetown College.

The Peabody Library Fund.—Editor Star: "Trustees," in answering my respectful inquiry as to what had become of the Peabody Library Fund, seem, from the tone of (his or) their communication in yesterday's STAR, to have taken the question in high dudgeon, reminding one of the aggrieved officials of the Circumlocution office, described by Dickens, whose acute sensibilities were shocked by the persistence of an individual who, in the pursuit of knowledge under difficulties, always "wanted to know, you know." That is my case. "Trustees' answer is good as far as it goes; but I (and others) want to know whether Mr. Peabody gave the money to establish a library (or start it at least) for the benefit of the present generation, or whether it was given to found a library at some indefinite time in the remote future. If the money was a simple gift of Mr. Peabody, for a purpose named by him, (and that, I take it, is the case,) and the THE PEABODY LIBRARY FUND .- Editor St simple gift of Mr. Peabody, for a purpose named by him, (and that, I take it, is the case,) and the Trustees think they have the discretion to use it as they think proper—always it is granted with an eye to that purpose—will they please inform the writer, and others who want to know, what amount they have fixed upon as proper to carry out the object contemplated by Mr. Peabody, and how long it will take, "unless it should sooner be rendered sufficient by donations from other sources," for the funds, as at present invested, to reach their limit, and whether the present generation are to get the benefit of the proposed library, or their children, or children's children, or who. I might, as suggested, call upon the Trustees personally for this information, but there are so many who "want to know" that it might prove troublesome if all called, and if an answer to this is published in The STAR, most of those interested will doubtless see it, as well as

ONE WHO WANTS TO KNOW.

Georgetown, Nov. 15, 1869.

ALEXANDRIA.

ADROIT THIEF.—A man giving his name as Beckwith came to the log house of a colored man, named Lewis Lee, on Mr. Wilcoxen's land, near Fairfax Court House, Monday evening, and representing bimself as a watch mender, was allowed to repair two gold hunting case watches—a lady's and gentleman's. After the watches were mended they were hung up on the side of the wall, and the tinker left. About twelve o'clock that night the mud which baubed the seams of the house was knocked in just under the spot where the watches were hanging,

ALL FOR LOVE .- Mr. Thos. Pulman, a young man keeping a store on the corner of Franklin street and the Hunting Creek road, has been missing for several days past, and no tidings can be obtained of his whereabouts. He took with him only nine dollars, with which to pay a debt, leaving the rest of the money in the drawer, in which was also found a note stating that he would never be heard from again. It is said that he had lately been disappointed in a love affair. His friends are very anxious about him, INCENDIARISM.—Three large and very valuable stacks of hay, belonging to Mr. V. P. Corbett, and on that gentleman's farm, in this county, were set fire to by an unknown person on Sunday night last and totally destroyed. THE GAME SEASON.—Swans, wild geese, and wild ducks are reported to be more numerous than usual on the waters of the Potomac below

CITY ITEMS.

ALL WOOL HEAVY CASSIMERE PANTS, 12 different patterns, at \$4 and \$5, at A. Straus' Popular Clothing House, Penn. avenue, 3d door TEN DOLLARS. Light Drab and Brown colors, just received at A. Straus' Popular Clothing House, Penn. ave., bet. 10th and 11th sts., 3d door east of 11th st. 2

PRIGG'S One Dollar Jewelry Store. Alaska Diamonds, Jet Jewelry, Fancy Goods, Sleeping Dolls, Silver-plated Ware, Prench Chromos, Received this morning at Prigg's One Dollar Jewelry Store, No. 436 Pennsylvania avenue, be-

tween 1% and 6th streets. TONICS.—Those who resort to tonics will find Speer's "Standard Wine Bitters" the best adapted to benefit the different ailments of the system, whether diseased or debilitated from over exertion or by any other cause. Try them. Sold by Druggists. W&S

SUDDEN CHANGES OF WEATHER are productive of Throat Diseases, Coughs, Colds, &c. There is no more effectual relief in these diseases to be found than in the timely use of "Brown's Bronchial Trockes." They possess real merit, and have proved their efficacy by a test of many years, having received testimonials from eminent men who have used them.

JUST RECEIVED, at Oak Hall, 460 7th street opposite Post Office, twenty new styles of Scotch Plaids, which will be made up to order at our usual low prices.

BOYS CLOTHING .- We have received 150 Suits of Youth's and Boy's Fine Clothing, to which we would call the attention of parents and guardians. Oak Hall, L. D. Barbour & Co., 469 7th street, opposite Post Office. 11,12,6 BOYS' CAPE OVERCOATS,

Gents' Capes,
Gents' Overcoats,
Childrens' Garibaldis,
Childrens' Ov Gents' Dress Suits,
English Half Hose,
Suspenders,
Neckties and Shirts,
Neckties and Shirts,

Oak Hall Clothing and Merchant Tailoring Establishment.
L. D. BARBOUR & Co., N. B.—Suits made to order in the best manner

MOTTO_"Quick Sales and Small Profits." Just having opened an immense stock of new Goods, of which we will dispose of as quick as possible, we will sell Goods now cheaper than ever, viz: White Shirts 75, \$1, 8.125 and upwards, a splendid article, all Linen Bosoms, and Cuffs and \$2.25. Good Merino Undershirts and Drawers 50, 60, and 75c.; an excellent article \$1 and \$1.25. Good Cotton Socks, 3 pairs for 25c. Gloves, Gloves, Gloves, an immense stock of all kinds and at all prices. Excellent Paper Collars, cloth lined button holes, 10c. per box. Knit Jackets, a splendid variety. The finest selection of Neck Ties, Scarfs and Bows ever seen in this city. Come one, come all, and everybody will be satisfied. be satisfied. FRANC & GOLDMAN,

No. 458 7th st., opp. Patent Office, and 11,6,2: No. 516 7th st., between D & E sts. AT THE CENTRAL DOLLAR STORE, No. 22

Market Space, between 8th and 9th streets, (Pennsylvania avenue,) new goods are constantly received. THIS IS TO NOTIFY THE PUBLIC that Geo. B. Wilson & Co. can sell Shoes, Boots, &c., as cheap

as any person who advertises in the Star. 7.11 CORNS, &c .- Dr. White, Surgeon Chiropodist, of twelve years' practical experience in the United States and Canadas, prevous to being established at 424 Pennsylvania avenue, between 4½ and 6th streets, Dec. 16th, 1861, successfully treats Corns, Bunions, Chilblains, Club and In-

growing Nails, and other diseases of the feet, growing Nails, and other diseases of the feet, without pain or inconvenience to the patient. The shoe can be worn with ease immediately after the operation. Refers to the many eminent physicians, surgeons and thousands of other responsible persons who patronize his establishment. Hours from 8 a. m. to 6 p. m. Owing to press of business at office. Dr. White is unable to visit patients at their residences except between 6 and 8 p. m.

WASHINGTON CONSERVATORY OF MUSIC FIRST CONGREGATIONAL CHURCH, O. B. BULLARD ...

REFERENCES:
Rev. J. C. Smith, D. D.; Z. Richards, Esq., General
Superintendent of Schools; Prof. S. L. Loomis, M. D. INSTRUCTORS:
Dr. J. P. CAULFIELD,
Prof. L. C. COLLIERE,
"H. C. SHERMAN,
"CHS. W. CHAPMAN, Mrs. J. P. CAULFIELD,
"H. TOWNSEND,
"O. B. BULLARD.

The Object of this Institution is to present an opportunity for acquiring a thorough education in every department of Music, under the most eminent Instructors, at a price within the reach of all; and by uniting the ablest talent of the Musical Profession to form a complete Musical University, which shall furnish the same facilities for the study of Music as are afforded in our Colleges and Universities for acmiring a knowledge of the several departments of

Literature and Science

Literature and Science:

BRANCHES TAUGHT.

The Piano-Forte; Organ, Wind and Stringed Instruments, Musical Notation, Cultivation of the Voice, English and Italian Song Singing, Singing at Sight, Harmony and Composition:

CLASS TEACHING.

This system has for many years been recognized as the most approved method of imparting instruction in our Schools and Colleges; and the same causes which have rendered it superior in the study of Literature render it superior in the study of Music.

An argument which cannot be ignored, is the fact that in Europe, where the greatest perfection has been attained in the study of Music, the Class System has been employed for centuries; many of the most eminent musicians being graduates of the great Conservatories of Germany, France, and Italy, where this system is universally adopted.

Classes may be formed of two, three, four, five or six pupils.

Classes may be formed of two, three, four, five or six pupils.

Classes in Harmony, Notation and Sight Singing are not limited to the above numbers.

Tuition for quarter of ten weeks, two lessons each week, from \$10 to \$20, according to grade of study. Elementary Singing Lessons, \$5. These lessons are free to those who pursue other studies in the conservatory. Private lessons from \$50 to \$80.

The winter term will commence on MONDAY, TUESDAY and WEDNESDAY, Nov. 29th, 30th and Dec. 1, 1869. Dec. 1, 1869.

See circulars at the music stores after Nov. 20th, or address O. B. BULLARD, Director. no 15-eo2w*

SAUSAGE CUTTERS, AND STUFFERS,
BUTCHER SCALES, STEELS,
CLEAVERS, MINCING KNIVES,
KNIVES, MEAT HOOKS,
MINCING BOWLS, &c.
JOHN A. BAKER,
nol6-eo3t Louisiana sve., bet. 9th and 10th sts.

ESTABLISHED 1844. CARRIAGE MANUFACTURERS, 477 and 479 Fourteenth street.

WARRANTS.

DEPARTMENT OF THE INTERIOR,
PENSION OFFICE. July 13, 1866.

To Whom it May Concern:—Applications having been made under the act of June 23, 1860, for the reissue of the following described Land Warrants, which are alleged to have been lost or destroyed.—Notice is hereby given that at the date following the description of each warrant, a new certificate or warrant of like tenor will be reissued, if no valid objection should then appear.

H. VAN AERNAM, Commissioner. No. 107,429, for 160 acres, issued under the act of March 3, 1855, in the name of Michael Doyle, and was granted December 5, 1868. December 18, 1869.

ORPHANS' COURT, November 1st, 1869.

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ORPHANS' COURT, November 1st, 1869.

OISTRICT OF COLUMBIA, WASHINGTON COUNTY, To wit:—In the case of CHARLES R. CLIFTON, Administrator of Martha J. Hutchinson, deceased, the administrator aforesaid has, with the approbation of the Orphans' Court of Washington County aforesaid, eppointed TUESDAY, the 2st day of November, A. D. 1869, for the final settlement and distribution of the personal estate of raid deceased, and of the asset on hand, as far as the same have been collected and turned into money; when and where all the creditors and heirs of said deceased are notified to attend, with their claims properly vouched, or they may otherwise by law be excluded from all benefit in said deceased's estate: Provided a copy of this order be published once a week for three weeks in the Evening Star previous to the said day. Test:

BO 2-law3w* A. WEBSTER, Register of Wills.

Georgetown Corporation Laws.

A Resolution in relation to the records of deeds and indexes of the Recorder of Doeds.

Resolved by the Board of Aldermen and Board of Common Council of the Corporation of George team.

That the sum of one thousand dollars, or so much thereof as many here. That the sum of one thousand dellars, or so much thereof as may be necessary to pay two-fifteenths of the amount of money required to complete and perfect the records of the deeds and the indexes thereto in the office of the Recorder of Deeds for the county of Washington, and District of Columbia, over and above the amount appropriated for that purpose by the Corporation of Washington and the Levy Court of said county, be, and the same is hereby, appropriated; and the Clerk of this Corporation is hereby authorized to pay the same to the order of S. Wolf, Recorder of Deeds, so soon as the said work is completed; the evidence of which said work is completed; the evidence of which shall be the written order of the Mayor: Provi-ded, The Corporation of Washington shall appropriate for this purpose a sum equal to twelve-fifteenths of the cost of said work, upon a basis of \$7,500 for the total cost. Approved, November 12, 1869.

A RESOLUTION to pay bill of H. W. Brewer,
Surveyor, and A. Roach.

Resolved by the Board of Aldermen and Board of
Common Council of the Corporation of Georgetown,
That the Clerk pay to the order of H. W. Brewer,
Surveyor, one hundred and sixty-four dollars, in
full for services rendered from March, the 18th,
to October 30, 1869, as per bill rendered. Also,
to order of A. Roach six dollars and ten cents,
as per his bill for ice furnished Metrapolitan Poas per his bill for ice furnished Metropolitan Po-[Approved, November 12, 1869.

An Ordinance for the erection of a steam pump to supply the High S-rvice Reservoir. Whereas the water engine at the Aqueduct Bridge across Rock Creek fails to furnish a sufficient supply of water for distribution by the High Service Reservoir; and whereas it is just and proper that the High Service Reservoir should be made to supply all those portions of the town not supplied amply, either by the High Service Reservoir or by the Low Service—Bridge street-main; and whereas it is believed that the

erection of a steam pump at said bridge will meet these requirements: Therefore, Be it ordained by the Board of Aldermen and Board of Common Council of the Corporation of George-town, That there be, and is hereby, appropriated the sum of forty-five hundred dollars, or so much thereof as may be necessary, for the purchase and erection of a steam pump at the Aqueduct Bridge No. 6 of the Washington Aqueduct, as provided in the estimate of Colonel T. B. Samo, Chief Engineer, in his letter of 13th July, 1869, for the purpose of giving an ample supply of water to the High Service Reservoir; said sum to be paid by the Clerk to the order of the Mayor, to be expended, as aforesaid, under the direction of General N. Michler, in charge of the Wa-hington Aqueduct, or his successor in

Be it further ordained, That in order to provide for said appropriation, that the Mayor and Clerk be authorized to negotiate a loan with the Farmers and Mechanics' Bank, to meet the cost of said purchase and erection of said pump, at and for such time as may be necessary, and to effect a sale of the stock hereinafter authorized.

Be it further ordained, That in order to procure means for the payment of said loan when it becomes due, the Mayor and Clerk be, and they are hereby, authorized to sell stock of the Corperation to a net amount not exceeding forty-nive hundred dollars, on the best terms that can be obtained in the market, redeemable at the pleasure of the Corporation, and bearing interest at the rate of six per cent. per annum, payable

quarterly.

Be it further ordained, That said pump shall be erected as soon as practicable after the passage of this ordinance.

Approved, November 12, 1869.

AN ORDINANCE amending an ordinance entitled AN ORDINANCE amending an ordinance entitled "An ordinance providing for the opening, extension and improvement of West street."

Resolved by the Board of Aldermen and Board of Common Council of the Corporation of Georgetown,
That section 1, of said ordinance, be so amended as to read—that to carry into effect the building of the bridge to connect with P street north in Washington, D. C., that the Mayor and Henry D. Cooke, of the Board of Aldermen, and Wm.
L. Dunlop and Jos. L. Simms, of the Board of Common Council, be, and they are hereby, constituted a committee, with power to negotiate a loan or loans on behalf of the Corporation, the proceeds to be placed to the credit of the general fund, the same to be used to defray the expense of building the abutment and bridge provided for in an ordinance approved October 1,1869, and to be paid by the Clerk to the order of the

Mayor, upon proper vouchers.

Sec. 2. Resolved further, That to provide for the payment of said loan or loans, the aforesaid committee are hereby authorized to dispose of the stock of this Corporation, on the best terms interest per annum, payable quarterly; the same to be issued by the Mayor and Clerk, as said committee may, from time to time, require-and that all ordinances contrary hereto be, and the same are hereby, repealed. Approved, November 12, 1869.

An Ordinance to provide for the payment of costs of suits for which the Corporation is liable.

Be it ordained by the Board of Aldermen and Board of Common Council of the Corporation of Georgetown, That the clerk of the Corporation be authorized and directed to pay upon the order of the Re-corder all costs of Court incurred in the defence or prosecution of suits in which the Corparation is interested. [Approved, November 12, 1869.

A RESOLUTION making an appropriation to furnish the new station house.

Resolved by the Board of Aldermen and Board of Common Council of the Corporation of Georgetown,
That the sum of six hundred dollars, or so much thereof as may be necessary, be, and the same is hereby appropriated, for the purpose of furnishing the new station house, to be paid by the clerk to the order of the Mayor and John T. Mitchel, who are also constituted a committee to make the purchase. The money hereby appropriated to be paid out of the Metropolitan Police fund. [Approved, November 12, 1869.47]

A RESOLUTION making an appropriation to meet a deficiency.

Resolved by the Board of Aldermen and Board of Common Council of the Corporation of Georgetown, That the sum of twenty-one dollars and 65 cents be, and the same is hereby, appropriated, to be paid by the Clerk, to the order of the Mayor, to meet the deficiency of an appropriation for the repair of Potomac street, between Bridge and Prospect streets.

Prospect streets.
Approved November 12, 1869.

A RESOLUTION for a lamp post and fixtures on Frederick street.

Resolved by the Board of Aldermen and Board of Common Council of the Corporation of Georgelown, That the Mayor cause a lamp post and fixtures for lighting to be erected on the west side of Frederick Efreet, between Second and Third streets, and the Clerk is hereby authorized to pay the cost thereof, to the order of the Mayor. Approved, November 12, 1839.

A RESOLUTION to pay bill of Martin Casey.

Resolved by the Board of Alderman and Board of
Common Council of the Corporation of Georgetown,
That the Clerk pay to the order of Martin Casey
ten dollars and forty cents in full, for ice furnished to station and engine houses, as per his
bill dated September 1, 1869.

Approved, November 12, 1869.

It is well to be economical at all times, and in connection with head covering Mr. CUN-NINGHAM, the Only Practical Hatter on Seventh street, respectfully informs the public generally that for less than half the price of a new one he will RE-MODEL YOUR OLD SILK HAT, and set it to a feeklonable shape. Factory, No. 346% Seventh st., sixth door below Northern Market. no 9-colm

I HE IMPORTANCE OF HEALTH.

None but those deprived of this blessing know of its loss. The pimpled, blotched and tetter-covered person looks upon a clear, smooth skin with jealousy, and inwardly desires the same. Those whose systems are filled with the virus of SCROFULA and other cutaneous diseases cannot have good health. When the blood is impure, disease is sure to follow. All have timely warning in those Blotches, Pimples, Tetters, Sores, Boils, Copper-colored Patches, Scales, &c. Avert the calamity by purifying the system with the SAMARITAN'S BOOT AND HERB JUICES,

ATT and 479 Fourteenth street.

REPAIRING in all its branches.

All Carriages left for Repairs, Storage or Commission are insured.

Agents for Brewster & Co., (of Broome street,) Fifth avenue, New York

APPLICATION FOR DUPLICATE LAND

WARRANTS.

DEPARTMENT OF THE INTERIOR

SAMARITAN'S GIFT !

The only real cure for Gonorrhoza, Gleet and Diseases caused from indiscretion. Only ten pills, purely vegetable. We discard Balsam Copabia and Mercury as being not only useless but hurtful. Gift cures in from two to four days, thus avoiding trouble, exposure, and the extortion of quacks. Male Packages, \$2; Females, \$3. Sold by S. C. FORD, and by Draggists.

DESMOND & CO., mal5-coly

915 Race street, Philadelphia.

DROPOSALS FOR SUBSISTENCE STORES. OFFICE DEPOT COMMISSARY OF SUBSISTENCE, OFFICE DEPOT COMMISSART OF SUBSISTENCE, RICHMOND, VA., Oct. 27, 1859.

Scaled Proposals (in duplicate) will be received at this office until R m., on SATURDAY, November 27, 1869, for supplying the following articles:

120 BARKELS OF EXTRA FLOUR,

120 POUNDS OF BUTTER,

put up in strong air-tight kegs.

Conditions, &c., as heretofore.

nov 1-5t Brevet Major U. S. A., & A. C. NOVELTY FOUNDRY AND MACHINE

PARKERSBURG, WEST VIRGINIA. We have on hand one Portable Steam Saw Mill of We have on hand one Portable Steam Saw Mill of 25 Horse Power that we will sell at our works for \$1,700 cash; also, several portable engines suitable for threshing machines of 10 horse power; also, several portable engines of wheels from 15 to 20 horse power or under. Persons wishing to purchase new or second hand machinery, engines or iron, would do well to tail or address M.J. LEESE & CO., no 28-ly Parkersburg, West Virginia. Georgetown Advertisements.

CORPORATION OF GEORGETOWN

FINAL NOTICE.

The time for the payment of the GENERAL and SPECIAL TAXES expires on the 31st DECEMBER, 1869.

The law is imperative, (leaving no descrition with the Collector,) to advertise all property for the non-payment of taxes after that date. Property holders will save further heavy charges, as the property so represented will be POSITIVELY ADVERTISED immediately after the above named date.

GEORGE W. BEALL, or 77.20 May.

SPECIAL NOTICE.

GOOD NEWS FOR THE LADIES I will sell from this day, till further notice, all the ollowing enumerated Goods, at the following prices,

Wamsutta Muslin, 20 cents.

Androscoggin Shirting, 16 cents.
The best make of Prints, 12 cents.
Splendid Velveteens, 75 cents to \$1.50.
Good Black Silks, \$1.25 to \$1.50.
Il-4 Extra quality Wool Blankets, \$5.
Best quality Venetian Carpets, 60 cents.
Best quality and rich pattern Three-ply, \$1.75.
5-8.3-4. I yard, P4, P4, and 2 yards wide Oil Cloths, at the lowest factory prices.
All sizes Mars and Rugs, \$1.25 to \$2.50.
French Merines and Poplins, less than can] be bought elsewhere.
Together with many other DESIRABLE GOODS.

Together with many other DESIRABLE GOODS. too numerons to mention, at the same low rates.

LADIES DON'T MISS THIS OPPORTUNITY.

117 BRIDGE STREET, GEORGETOWN E. GUTMAN

TRUSTEE'S SALE OF VALUABLE REAL ESTATE NEAR TENALLYTOWN, D. C.

By virtue of a deed of trust from Frederick Jones and wife to the undersigned as Trustee, bearing date the 12th day of February, 1869, and duly recorded in Liber H. R., No. 9, folio 64, of the Land Records of the County of Washington, D. C., and at the written request of the party secured thereby, the undersigned will, on MONDAY, the 13th day of December, 1869, at 1 o'clock p. m., sell on the premises, near Tenallytown, all that piece of Land, being part of a tract called "St. Philip and Jacob and Whitehaven," beginning for the same at the southwest corner of John Cephus lot, thence south 46½, east 40.12 perches to a public road; thence with said road south 23½, west 10 feptons, south 29½, west 11.54 perches, thence north 46½, west 45.72 perches to a road; thence north 46½, west 45.72 perches to a road; thence north 46½, west 25.64 perches to the beginning, containing 8.37-100 acres.

Terms of Sale: One-third cash; balance six and twelve months. Conveyancing and stamps at cost of purchaser, \$25 must be deposited upon the fall of the hammer. If the terms are not complied with within five days from day of sale, the undersigned reserves the right to resell the property at the risk and cost of the defaulting purchaser.

D. B. CARPENTER, Trustee.

The property is near Conduit Road and about one mile northwest of Drovers' Rest.

no12 tds [Rep.] THOS, DOWLING, Auct. RY THOMAS DOWLING, Auctioneer.

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